

Little Acorns and Stepping Stones Nurseries (L.A.S.S)

1.0 Child protection

1.2 Safeguarding children and child protection

(Including managing allegations of abuse against a member of staff)

Policy statement

Our setting will work with children, parents and the community to ensure the rights and safety of children and to give them the very best start in life.

L.A.S.S. is committed to promoting awareness of child abuse issues throughout its training and learning programmes for adults. It is also committed to empowering young children, through its early childhood curriculum, promoting their right to be strong, resilient and listened to.

Procedures

L.A.S.S is committed to building a 'culture of safety' in which children are protected from abuse and harm in all areas of its service delivery.

Staff and volunteers

- Our Designated child protection co-ordinator is the settings manager
- Our Area Child protection co-ordinators is the Area manager, who staff can go to if the designated person is not available or is the person about whom the allegation is being made.
- Our Deputy child protection co-ordinator is the settings deputy manager
- We ensure all staff and parents are made aware of our safeguarding policies and procedures.
- We provide adequate and appropriate staffing resources to meet the needs of children.
- Applicants for posts within the setting are clearly informed that the positions are exempt from the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974.
- Candidates are informed of the need to carry out 'enhanced disclosure' checks with the Disclosure and Barring Service. They are not left unsupervised until a 'satisfactory' has been obtained. They will not be able to children's nappies until their DBS check has returned clear.
- Where applications are rejected because of information that has been disclosed, applicants have the right to know and to challenge incorrect information.
- We abide by Ofsted requirements in respect of references and Disclosure and Barring Service DBS checks for staff and volunteers, to ensure that no disqualified person or unsuitable person works at the setting or have unsupervised access to the children.
- Volunteers/ staff without and enhanced DBS check do not work unsupervised.
- We record information about staff qualifications, and the identity checks and vetting processes that have been completed including:
 - the Disclosure and Barring Service reference number;

- the date the disclosure was obtained; and
- Details of who obtained it.
- We inform all staff they they are expected to disclose any convictions, cautions, court orders or reprimands and warnings which may affect their suitability to work with children (whether received before or during their employment with us) and review this termly at supervisions.
- We abide by the Protection of Vulnerable Groups Act requirements in respect of any person who is dismissed from our employment, or resigns in circumstances that would otherwise have lead to dismissal for reasons of child protection concern.
- We have procedures for recording the details of visitors to the setting.
- We take security steps to ensure that we have control over who comes into the setting so that no unauthorised person has unsupervised access to the children.
- We take reasonable steps to ensure children are not photographed or filmed on video for any other purpose than to record their development or their participation in events organised by us. Parents sign a consent form and have access to records holding visual images of their child.

Responding to suspicions of abuse

- We acknowledge that abuse of children can take different forms - physical, emotional, and sexual, as well as neglect.
- When children are suffering from physical, sexual or emotional abuse, or may be experiencing neglect, this may be demonstrated through:
 - Significant changes in their behaviour;
 - Deterioration in their general well-being;
 - Development may be slower;
 - Their comments which may give cause for concern, or the things they say (direct or indirect disclosure);
 - Changes in their appearance, their behaviour, or their play;
 - Unexplained bruising, marks or signs of possible abuse or neglect; and
 - Any reason to suspect neglect or abuse outside the setting.
- We take into account factors affecting parental capacity, such as social exclusion, domestic violence, parent's drug or alcohol abuse, mental or physical illness or parent's learning disability.
- We are aware of other factors that affect children's vulnerability such as abuse of disabled children, fabricated or induced illness, child abuse linked to beliefs in spirit possession, sexual exploitation of children such as through internet abuse and Female Genital Mutilation that may affect or may have affected children and young people using our provision.
- We also make ourselves aware that some children and young people are affected by gang activity, by complex, multiple or organised abuse, through forced marriage or honour based violence or maybe victims of child trafficking. While this may be less likely to affect young children in our care we may become aware of any of these factors affecting older children and young people who we may come into contact with.
- Where we believe a child in our care or known to us may be affected by any of these factors we follow the procedure for reporting child protection concerns.

- Where such evidence is apparent, the child's key person makes a dated record of the details of the concern and discusses what to do with the setting leader or manager who is acting as the 'designated person'. The information is stored on the child's personal file.
- We refer concerns to the local authority via south glos ART and Bristol First Response and co-operate fully in any subsequent investigation. NB In some cases this may mean the police or another agency identified by the Local Safeguarding Children's Board.
- We take care not to influence the outcome either through the way we speak to children or by asking questions of children.
- We take account of the need to protect young people aged 16-19 as defined by the Children Act 2006. This may include students or school children on work placement, young employees or young parents. Where abuse is suspected we follow the procedure for reporting any other child protection concerns. The views of the young person will always be taken into account, but the setting may override the young person's refusal to consent to share information if it feels that it is necessary to prevent a crime from being committed or intervene where one may have been or to prevent harm to a child or adult. Sharing confidential information without consent is done only where not sharing it could be worse than the outcome of having shared it.

Recording suspicions of abuse and disclosures

- Where a child makes comments to a member of staff that gives cause for concern (disclosure), observes signs or signals that gives cause for concern, such as significant changes in behaviour; deterioration in general well-being; unexplained bruising, marks or signs of possible abuse or neglect that member of staff is to follow TED



What to do in the event of a disclosure from a child.

Remember TED!
 Tell me...
 Explain to me...
 Describe to me...

} These words can be used when
 having to do home injury forms
 with parents.

DO NOT!!	DO!!
<p>Do <u>NOT</u> ask leading questions!</p> <p>Do <u>NOT</u> interview the child!</p> <p>Do <u>NOT</u> interview the witnesses/alleged perpetrator!</p> <p>Do <u>NOT</u> show emotions such as shock!</p> <p>Do <u>NOT</u> inform the alleged perpetrator if you think the child will be at further risk!</p> <p>Do <u>NOT</u> make promises to the child or say it will be a secret.</p>	<p>Allow the child <u>time</u> to tell you what they want to!</p> <p><u>Record</u> what is said accurately and in the child's own words! Tell the child that you are going to write it down.</p> <p>Tell the child that sharing the information with someone will help.</p> <p><u>Report</u> it to a manager promptly!</p> <p>Be controlled in response. <u>Reassure</u> the child!</p>

Recording a disclosure:

Ensure that a record is made of:

- **The child's name and age**
- **The date and time of the disclosure**
- **The exact words used by the child, whilst also being clear between fact and fiction.**
- **The name of the person to whom the disclosure was reported, also with date and time**
- **The names of any other persons present at the time of disclosure**

All records to be signed and dated and passed to the manager to be kept in a confidential file.

- The person acting as the 'designated person' is informed of the issue at the earliest opportunity.
- Where the Local Safeguarding Children Board stipulates the process for recording and sharing concerns, we include those procedures alongside this procedure and follow the steps set down by the Local Safeguarding Children Board.

Making a referral to the local authority

- L.A.S.S. is committed to responding promptly and appropriately to all incidents of abuse that may occur and to work with the statutory agencies in accordance with the procedures that are set down in the 'What to do if you are worried a child is being abused' (HMG 2006).

Informing parents

- Parents are normally the first point of contact. We discuss concerns with parents to gain their view of events unless we feel this may put the child in greater danger.
- We inform parents where we make a record of concerns in their child's file and that we also make a note of any discussion we have with them regarding a concern.
- If a suspicion of abuse warrants referral to the local authority, parents are informed at the same time that the referral will be made, except where the guidance of the Local Safeguarding Children Board does not allow this, for example, where it is believed that the child may be placed in greater danger.
- This will usually be the case where the parent is the likely abuser. In these cases the social workers will inform parents.

Liaison with other agencies

- We work within the Local Safeguarding Children Board guidelines.
- We have a copy of 'What to do if you're worried a child is being abused' for parents and staff and all staff are familiar with what to do if they have concerns.
- We have procedures for contacting the local authority on child protection issues, including maintaining a list of names, addresses and telephone numbers of social workers, to ensure that it is easy, in any emergency, for the setting and social services to work well together.
- We notify the registration authority (Ofsted) of any incident or accident and any changes in our arrangements which may affect the wellbeing of children or where an allegation of abuse is made against a member of staff (whether the allegations relate to harm or abuse committed on our premises or elsewhere). Notifications to Ofsted are made as soon as is reasonably practical, but at the latest within 14 days of the allegations being made.

- Contact details for the local National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children (NSPCC) are also kept.

Allegations against staff

- We ensure that all parents know how to complain about the behaviour or actions of staff or volunteers within the setting, or anyone living or working on the premises occupied by the setting, which may include an allegation of abuse.
- We respond to any inappropriate behaviour displayed by members of staff or any other person working with the children, which includes;
 - Inappropriate sexual comments;
 - Excessive one-to-one attention beyond the requirements of their usual role and responsibilities, or inappropriate sharing of images.
- We follow the guidance of the Local Safeguarding Children Board when responding to any complaint that a member of staff, or volunteer within the setting, or anyone living or working on the premises occupied by the setting, may have taken, or is taking place, by first recording the details of such an alleged incident.
- We respond to any disclosure by children or staff that abuse by a member of staff or volunteer within the setting or anyone living or working on the premises occupied by the setting, may have taken, or is taking place, by first recording the details of any such alleged incident.
- In our South Gloucestershire Settings - The Designated Person or Deputy will contact the South Gloucesters ART 01454866000 to be directed to LADO's (Tina Wilson) who will discuss the concern or allegation and co-ordinate.
- In our Bristol Settings - The Designated Person or Deputy will contact the Bristol City Council Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) by telephoning 0117 9037795 (Nicola Laird) who will discuss the concern or allegation and co-ordinate.

Emergency Duty Team Opening Hours: - Weekdays 5 pm to 8.30 am. Weekends 4.30 pm Friday to 8.30 am Monday & Bank Holidays 24 hours Work: 01454 615165

- The person who is told of the concern or allegation must record the concern and discuss at the earliest opportunity with their designated lead on safeguarding. If the allegation concerns their Safeguarding lead they should speak to the Area Child protection co-coordinator, Terry Rodgers.
- We also report any such alleged incident to Ofsted and what measures we have taken. We are aware that it is an offence not to do this.
- We co-operate entirely with any investigation carried out by children's social care in conjunction with the police.
- Where it is appropriate in the circumstances, the Managers/Directors will suspend the member of staff on full pay, or the volunteer, for the duration of the investigation. This is not an indication of admission that the alleged incident has taken place, but is to protect the staff as well as children and families throughout the process.

Non-mobile babies

Definition :- this is a baby that does not walk, crawl or cruise around furniture

If a non mobile baby comes into the setting with bruises or marks, a home injury form will be completed with the parent. The parent will then be asked if the child has been taken to the GP and if not we would encourage them to do this. This conversation will then be documented.

Disciplinary action

- Where a member of staff or volunteer has been dismissed due to engaging in activities that caused concern for the safeguarding of children or vulnerable adults, we will notify the Disclosure and Barring Service of relevant information so that individuals who pose a threat to children. They will then carry out an investigation to decide if that person should be formally barred from working in the childcare sector

Training

- We seek out training opportunities for all adults involved in the setting to ensure that they are able to recognise the signs and signals of possible physical abuse, emotional abuse, sexual abuse and neglect and that they are aware of the local authority guidelines for making referrals.
- We ensure that designated persons receive training in accordance with that recommended by the Local Safeguarding Children Board.
- We ensure that all staff knows the procedures for reporting and recording their concerns in the setting.
- All new staff undertake Channel Training during their induction period.

Planning

- The layout of the rooms allows for constant supervision. No child is left alone with staff or volunteers in a one-one situation without being visible to others.

Curriculum

- We introduce key elements of keeping children safe into our programme to promote the personal, social and emotional development of all children, so that they may grow to be *strong, resilient and listened to* and that they develop an understanding of why and how to keep safe.
- We create within the setting a culture of value and respect for the individual, having positive regard for children's heritage arising from their colour, ethnicity, languages spoken at home, cultural and social background.
- We ensure that this is carried out in a way that is developmentally appropriate for the children.

Confidentiality

- All suspicions and investigations are kept confidential and shared only with those who need to know. Any information is shared under the guidance of the Local Safeguarding Children Board.

Support to families

- We believe in building trusting and supportive relationships with families, staff and volunteers in the group.

- We make clear to parents our role and responsibilities in relation to child protection, such as for the reporting of concerns, providing information, monitoring of the child, and liaising at all times with the local children’s social care team.
- We will continue to welcome the child and the family whilst investigations are being made in relation to any alleged abuse.
- We follow the Child Protection Plan as set by the child’s social care worker in relation to the setting's designated role and tasks in supporting that child and their family, subsequent to any investigation.
- Confidential records kept on a child are shared with the child's parents or those who have parental responsibility for the child in accordance with the Confidentiality and Client Access to Records procedure and only if appropriate under the guidance of the Local Safeguarding Children Board.

Escalation

If you whistle blow or raise a complaint to your area manager or directors this is then considered as an escalation. An investigation will then have to take place.

Please refer to the document stating legislation and documentation that supports our policies and procedures

This policy was adopted on

Dec 2017

Due to be reviewed

Dec 2018

Signed By

Director – Lisa Woodman

Director – Jude Evans

Area Manager - Terry Rodgers & Emma Foord